

The Honorable Brooke Rollins
Secretary
U.S. Department of Agriculture
1400 Independence Avenue, S.W.
Washington, D.C. 20250

March 18, 2025

To Secretary Rollins,

As leading trade associations, farmer and grower organizations, and academic associations representing the agricultural sector, we are writing to express our strong support for the U.S. National Plant Germplasm System (NPGS). The NPGS, managed by the U.S. Department of Agriculture's (USDA) Agricultural Research Service (ARS), continues USDA's proud tradition that began as early as 1899 of collecting and evaluating seeds and plants to benefit the U.S. agriculture community.

Today, the NPGS plays a critical role in conserving and distributing plant genetic resources — including seeds, cuttings, and other plant materials — that are essential to U.S. farmers, plant breeders, researchers, and companies. Continued investment in the NPGS is vital to keep pace with strategic competitors such as China, who invests significant capital into agricultural research programs¹. Consistent support for the NPGS is essential to maintain the United States' global leadership in agricultural research and development (R&D) and the foundation of our nation's ability to develop new crop varieties, respond to emerging agricultural threats, and deliver innovative solutions to U.S. farmers.

The NPGS maintains one of the most diverse and valuable collections of plant germplasm in the world, including staple crops such as wheat, corn, soy, and rice; fruits like apples, peaches, grapes, and citrus; vegetables like beans, tomatoes, peppers, and onions; as well as cotton, tree nuts, peanuts, forages, barley, oats, and industrial crops. Notably, the NPGS also houses collections of many wild relatives of these important crops, which serve as sources of genetic diversity for crop improvement. Many specimens in the NPGS are irreplaceable and invaluable; some no longer exist in commerce or in their wild habitats, and reacquiring new specimens today would be cost-prohibitive and mired by complex international regulations and obligations.

¹ World Spending on Agricultural Research: <https://agpolicyreview.card.iastate.edu/winter-2023/world-spending-agricultural-research-and-development>

The true value of the NPGS goes beyond merely storage for specimens. As a dynamic, living seed bank, the NPGS serves as an unparalleled source where U.S. farmers, companies, and researchers can request access to diverse plant materials at any time, thus powering innovation through plant breeding, research, and public-private partnerships. Research using NPGS collections has directly increased U.S. farmers' income and livelihoods through the development of innovative seeds and crops that are used by farmers every day².

As you consider the future direction of USDA programs, we urge you to maintain the NPGS as one of USDA's priority research programs. Disruptions in the continuity of the NPGS functions would have a profound impact on U.S. farmers, consumers, and the entire agricultural sector. For example, seed companies rely on a functioning NPGS to deposit seeds, which is a condition for receiving intellectual property rights under Plant Variety Protection³, and delays in these critical functions could prevent users from having timely access to innovative seeds. Further, NPGS facilities are continuously characterizing and refreshing specimens in the collection, which involves planting, harvesting, and conditioning the seed for ongoing storage. Any disruption in these processes would irreversibly set back research trials and impact integrity of the seed collections. In the longer term, a strong and well supported NPGS ensures the preservation of irreplaceable genetic collections, enables U.S. farmers access to stronger and higher-yielding crops, lowers food costs, and ensures the United States continues to lead the world in agricultural innovation.

We stand by to support USDA as it continues to assess how to increase the efficiency of its research programs. We hope to be partners in ensuring the continued long-term functioning of the NPGS to ensure that U.S. farmers, companies, and researchers have access to the important genetic resources housed in these collections for future generations.

Sincerely,

American Seed Trade Association

agInnovation North Central

agInnovation Northeast

Alabama Agribusiness Council

² NPGS Success Stories: <https://colostate.pressbooks.pub/pgrsuccessstories/>

³USDA Plant Variety Protection: <https://www.ams.usda.gov/services/plant-variety-protection>

Almond Alliance
American Malting Barley Association
American Peanut Research and Education Society
American Phytopathological Society
American Pulse Association
American Society for Horticultural Science
American Society of Agronomy
American Society of Plant Biologists
American Soybean Association
AmericanHort
Arnold Arboretum
Association of Official Seed Certifying Agencies
Bailey Nurseries
Ball Horticultural Co
Biotechnology Innovation Organization
California Specialty Crops Council
California Walnut Commission
Cereals & Grains Association
Chicago Botanic Garden
Cornell University
Crop Science Society of America
Currey Horticulture
Denver Botanic Gardens
Farm Journal Foundation
Fearless Gardening
Florida Fruit and Vegetable Association

Griffin Greenhouse Su.
Hawaii Macadamia Nut Association
Hawaii Master Food Preservers
Hawaii Tropical Fruit Growers
Holden Forests and Gardens
Idaho Grain Producers Association
Illinois Seed Trade Association, Inc.
Illinois Soybean Growers
International Fresh Produce Association
Iowa Arboretum & Gardens
JC Raulston Arboretum at NC State University
Kingwood Center Gardens
Latitude 46
Longwood Gardens
Independent Professional Seed Association
Michigan State University
Missouri Botanical Garden
Montana Seed Growers Association
Montana Seed Trade Association
Montana State University
Montana Wheat & Barley Committee
National Association for Plant Breeding
National Association of Wheat Growers
National Barley Growers Association
National Barley Improvement Committee
National Corn Growers Association

National Cotton Council of America
National Grain and Feed Association
National Sorghum Producers
National Sunflower Association
National Wheat Improvement Committee
ND State Seed Commission
New Crops Crop Germplasm Committee
North American Blueberry Council
North American Craft Maltsters Guild
North American Millers' Assoc
North Dakota Barley Council
North Dakota State University
Pacific Northwest Canola Association
Polly Hill Arboretum
Seed Savers Exchange
Sierra Gold Nurseries
Soil Science Society of America
South Carolina Peach Council
Spring Grove Cemetery and Arboretum
Spring Meadow Nursery
Synergistic Hawaii Agriculture Council
Texas Grain & Feed Association
The Arnold Arboretum of Harvard University
The Breakthrough Institute
The Dawes Arboretum
The Morton Arboretum

U.S. Apple Association

U.S. Canola Association

University of Idaho

University of Wisconsin Arboretum

US Dry Bean Council

USA Dry Pea & Lentil Council

USA Rice

USDFRC Stakeholder Advisory Committee

Washington State Crop Improvement Association

Washington State University

Western Plant Health Association

World Coffee Research